

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES AND SASKATCHEWAN REVIEW.

VOL. I. NO. 45.

PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1883.

\$2 50 A YEAR.

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES
AND
SASKATCHEWAN REVIEW

SPINK & MAVEETY.

T. A. SPINK. J. D. MAVEETY.

PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T.

TERMS:—\$2.50 per annum in advance
single copies, 10 cents each.
No one will put in inserted in this
paper. Business hours, 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.
All letters to be addressed to the People's
Printer.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Services:—Morning, 11 a.m.
Evening, 7 p.m.
Rev. Caleb Parker, pastor.

BANKING HOUSE

or

Macarthur & Knowles,

Prince Albert, N.W.T.

Transact a General Banking Business.
Interest allowed on Deposits.
Notes Discounted.
Drafts Issued available at all points in the
Dominion.
Collecting undertaken and promptly at-
tended to.

BANKERS—Merchants Bank of Canada.

John B. Dunlop, M.D.,

LIC. OF THE

Royal College of Surgeons.

LIC. AND LIC. OF MIDWIFERY OF THE

King's and Queen's College of

Physicians, Ireland.

Enquiries can be made at the Times office
for the present.

MCKEN & ELLIOT.

Barriers, Solicitors, Etc.

PRINCE ALBERT N.W.T.

W. A. McLean, S. C. Elliot.

W. R. GUNN, B.A.,

Barriers, Notary Public, Conveyancer,

Etc. Etc.

Lands bought and sold. Money invested.

Local agent for W. J. Fenton & Co. Real

Estate Agents, Hamilton, Ont.

Office: Brick Store, W. J. Fenton & Co.

PRINCE ALBERT N.W.T.

WILLIAM V. MACLEISE,

Barriers, Notary, Etc.

Office: Upstairs in Jackson's Block, next
door east of Farmers' Home.

FITZGERALD COCHRANE,

Barriers, Solicitor, Conveyancer, Notary

Public, Real Estate Agent, Etc.

Office: Second floor, Flett's building, formerly
occupied by J. O. Davis & Co. over

Walters & Barkers store. Entrance West

PRINCE ALBERT N.W.T.

D. A. STACKHOUSE,

DENTIST.

Over Jackson's Drug Store, after the 15th

of May.

PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T.

BOOTS AND SHOES

CHEAP.

We claim to have the best assorted stock of

Boots

AND

Shoes

In Prince Albert, and are selling at prices

which defy competition.

CUSTOM WORK

Warranted and done at shortest notice.

REPAIRING

Thoroughly attended to.

SHANNON & McLEOD

PONY FOR SALE.

A Native Pony for sale (more

in foot). Will be sold cheap.

Also a Mexican Saddle.

Apply at The Times Office.

GRAND CHANCE.

THE PRINCE ALBERT

Planing Mills and

Sash & Door Factory

FOR SALE.

THE MACHINERY CONSISTS OF

1 Surface Planer,

1 Matcher,

1 Tenant Machine,

1 Stick,

2 Saws,

1 Mortice Machine,

1 Turning Lathe,

1 Jig Saw, etc.

ALL RUN BY STEAM POWER.

1 20-horse Power Engine,

1 25-horse Power Boiler

The Building, 30 x 35 ft.

Four Lots, 30 x 132 ft.

Will be sold separately or with machinery.

The building would be suitable for a first

class boarding house. The machinery is

new, it having been in use but a short

time. For further particulars apply to

GOODFELLOW BROS.

PRINCEALBERT BAKERY

We wish to inform the residents of Prince

Albert and surrounding country that we

have leased the above bakery and are pre-

pared to furnish the public with all kinds of

Confectionery, Cakes and Bread

Second to none in the country.

Give us a call.

Boarding house in connection.

Rates: Table board, \$6; home board, \$7

per week; travellers, 50c per meal.

WHITELOCK & M'IVOR.

NOTICE.

During my temporary absence from Prince

Albert.

H. J. MONTGOMERY

Will act as my agent. Parties requiring

Brick, Cordwood, Etc.,

Can arrange with him for the same.

E. WALDO.

Prince Albert, Sept. 1, 1883.

FOR SALE

OR

TO LET.

That large and

Commodious Store!

At present occupied by Walters & Baker.

Also a large lot in the upper flat, suitable

for a store room and two rooms adjoining

suitable for offices or bedrooms.

The whole or separately.

Possession 1st Oct. 1883.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to

JOHN FLETT,

Carpenter.

Prince Albert N.W.T. Sept. 3, 1883.

Lorraine Patrick, D.L.S.

Timber Limits Surveyed and

all kinds of surveying

done on shortest

possible notice.

Ward left at McIntosh Eden & Co.'s will

receive prompt attention.

LORRINE PATRICK, D.L.S.

Prince Albert, N.W.T.

UNITED STATES
Life Insurance Co'y.

In the City of New York.

ESTABLISHED 1843.

Deposits with Dominion Government,

\$100,000.

ASSETS \$5,125,151 16

Office, Bird Block, 433 Main St.

G. H. MAQUIE, Provincial Manager.

This Company issues policies amounting in

this country for liberality and freedom

from restriction.

Policies are insurable for any sum

whenever after three years. Every form of

Testimony Policy issued.

JOHN F. BETTS, Agent.

O. E. HUGHES

& CO.,

General

Merchants

AND

Indian

Traders,

PRINCE ALBERT, N.W.T.

CHIT-CHAT LOCALS.

Gathered by our Reporters.

Water in the river is very low.

The steamer Northcote is at the dock

waiting orders from Winnipeg.

Mr. Wm. Carter is finishing the hard

ware store of J. L. Johnson & Co.

Dr. Porter has returned to the brick

house, formerly owned by A. Goodfellow.

Knox & Barker are erecting a house

on the ridge near Mr. Thomas McKay's

residence.

The lecture hall in connection with

Kennel College is rapidly nearing

completion.

The Presbyterian manse is well under

way. Knox & Barker are the pushing

contractors.

Haying is about over in this district.

There has been more cut this season than

any two seasons before.

A large store and left over store

with two rooms adjoining, suitable for

sleeping apartments, to let. Apply to

John Flett.

The steamer Manitoula arrived down

last Monday. She was unable to pro-

ceed further than twenty-five miles above

Battleford, owing to the low stage of

water.

Messrs. Whitlock & McIvor have

leased the bakery and restaurant belong-

ing to Mr. Wm. Bell, for eighteen

months. Mr. Whitlock is a practical

baker and thoroughly understands the

business.

Messrs. Malloy & Chinkill have de-

clined to remove the balance of their

stock to Battleford, about the 1st Oct.

Parties in want of groceries, dry goods,

etc., should give them an early call and

see their prices.

Mr. Leon Chesser will open a French

class, on the 15th inst., for gentlemen.

Private tuition, at pupils' residences, in

French, Latin, Greek and Mathematics

can also be arranged for. Apply at Ma-

lloy & Chinkill's store.

Messrs. J. A. Johnson, James Wheeler,

William Huston and Louis Motreque

arrived here last Friday on a flat boat.

Mr. Johnson has been engaged in taking

an outline of the river from Edmonton to

here. They passed the Manitoula about

forty miles this side of Battleford on the

Mr. H. J. Montgomery is acting as

agent for E. Waldo during that gentle

man's temporary absence from town.

Mr. Wm. Dilworth is, we are glad to

hear, able to leave the house, but it will

be some time before he will be in his

usual health.

Mr. John McDonald, gardener, is busy

preparing the grounds in front of the

Hon. Laurence Clarke's residence, for a

pleasure ground and flower garden.

A splendid opportunity is offered to the

public in the sale of Goodfellow Bros.

planing mill and sash and door factory.

The machinery is all first class and now,

only been in use a short time. A twenty

horse power engine and 25 horse power

boiler (never been used) is also for sale.

The building (30 x 35) and four lots (33

x 125) will be sold with the mill, or

separately. For further particulars apply

to Goodfellow Bros., Prince Albert.

The Gazette Printing Co., Montreal,

have acquired from Mr. Vennor the

copyright of his Almanac for next year,

and it will be issued by them in October,

printed on good paper, and otherwise got

up in an attractive form. Mr. Vennor

states that the contents will be of an

usual interest, several new features being

added. Re-sellers and news agents

should send in their orders early, and

applications for advertising space or

manages should be addressed to Mr.

Richard White, Managing Director,

Gazette Printing Co., Montreal.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Alex. Lang left for the east last

Thursday.

Mr. Howard Walley leaves for Winni-

peg to-morrow.

Mr. Martin Goodenham and wife leave

for Helena, Montana, to-morrow.

Mr. William V. Macleise arrived back

by the Manitoula, being unable to pro-

ceed to Edmonton by steamer.

Mr. Dorman Macarthur, of the Mani-

toula and Northwestern Railway, is ex-

pected to arrive here on the 10th inst.

Mr. William Anderson, of the steamer

Northcote, who has been sick for some

time past, leaves for Winnipeg to-mor-

row morning.

Messrs. H. Macdonald and E. Waldo

left yesterday for the Rocky Mountains,

via Edmonton, taking two double train

and a guide. They will return in about

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1883.

NORTH WEST APPOINTMENTS.

The Dominion Government, in the matter of appointments to offices in the North West Territories, appear to be acting under the idea that anything and anybody is good enough for this country. If this insane policy, which they seem to have adopted, is pursued much further, however, they may be rudely awakened from their delusion in a manner which will surprise them. The inhabitants of these Territories have shown themselves to be a patient and a long suffering people. They have borne all manner of grievances under which a less loyal people would long ago have revolted. They have submitted to the inconvenience and the loss occasioned by the non-granting of the land patents, to which they were entitled years ago. They have waited patiently year after year for the fulfilment of the promise that an official from the Department of the Interior or the Land Office would be sent up here to settle many questions of title which are in abeyance, and now it is said that no one will come up this year because Mr. Lindsay Russell has broken his leg and cannot travel, as if there was only one man in the Department who is capable of dealing with these questions, and as he is disabled, the whole land business of the North West must be kept back until he recovers. They have seen the best lands in the country reserved for the Government, or granted to railway, colonization and land companies, and the intending settler driven away because there was "no rest for the sole of his foot." They have waited for the wood lands opposite to Prince Albert to be laid off for the use of the settlers as promised, and now they are told that all these lands are also "reserved," and as if to add insult to injury two officials are sent up from Ontario to levy a tax on the very wood the poor settler has to use for domestic purposes. They have submitted to all these, and many more indignities with scarcely a murmur, and no doubt the Government has been deceived by the patience and apparent meekness with which after having been smitten on one cheek they have offered the other. But let them beware, there is always a calm before a storm, and "it is the last straw that breaks the camel's back." If that point has not yet been completely reached events seem to be hastening it on. But to return to the matter of appointments to offices in the North West. One would think that with the immense patronage which the Government enjoys, that they could afford to bestow the few offices in their gift pertaining to these Territories to residents, when men competent to fill them can be found in the country. Surely it cannot be common justice to deny that the men who live in the country, who have grown up with it, or who have cast in their lot with it, and have made themselves acquainted with its wants and requirements are not only the best entitled to whatever patronage the Government has to bestow in the way of public offices, but are also as a general rule the most competent to fill them—other things being equal. Have the Government pursued this policy? We will see. Take the appointment of Sheriff for the North West. This is a very important and responsible office, the duties of which are onerous and oftentimes of a delicate nature. This above all others should be held by a com-

petent and trustworthy man, and being an office of trust should be held by a man of integrity, who do we find appointed to it? A man whose only recommendation seems to have been that he is the brother of a Cabinet Minister who is the leader of the Quebec Blues—a man who has only recently been discharged from the Department of Public Works at Ottawa for taking a bribe of \$4,000 from railway contractors to furnish them with information from the office, a fact he admitted himself in his evidence before the Railway Commission which investigated the matter. Verily, as the Winnipeg *Free Press* has said: "A nice man for a Sheriff." But he will be no worse than his predecessor, who ran a bar-room in Winnipeg, pocketed his salary religiously and never troubled his head about his shirivaulty in the North West. Referring to recent appointments which have been made in this place, and we do so without reflecting in any way upon the capabilities or character of any of the gentlemen appointed—it is the system we are attacking, not the men. We would ask, were there no residents in this District of the North West, qualified to fill the positions of Land Agents, assistant Dominion Land Agent, or Crown Timber Inspectors? Surely there were—men whose local knowledge, long residence, business qualifications and social position rendered them much more suitable for the performance of the duties of these offices than utter strangers. Then, again, it is said that we are to lose the services of our present very efficient and popular District Judge (Col. Richardson), which all will regret, and that a local Stipendiary Magistrate is to be appointed in his place. Is the same policy of the Government to be carried out and a stranger from Ontario or Quebec (probably a French *Arvart*) sent up here to dispense justice and settle disputes between people of whose business habits, natural characteristics and social distinctions he knows nothing? These are very serious questions which are well worthy of the consideration of the Dominion Government, and as the exponent, to a certain extent, of public opinion in this matter (as we think we are in this community), we deem it our duty as journalists thus plainly and clearly to express our views on a subject of so much importance to us all.

THE STRIKE.

The telegraph operators still continue on strike, but it looks very much as if they would have to go to the wall. The monopolists have succeeded in rallying the superfluous operators to their aid, and as there are a sufficient number of these to continue the business the force of the strike has been very much weakened. Had the Brotherhood succeeded in paralyzing the business of the country at one stroke there might have been a probability of their bringing the companies to terms. In failing to accomplish this however they have only succeeded in giving additional strength to the grasp which some soulless corporations have upon the country. It might perhaps be as well if the Government would undertake the management of the telegraph system so long as employers, employees and customers were satisfied it was better to leave well alone, but when a few grasping scoundrels of the Jay Gould stamp succeeds in giving stock an apparent value of three times its real value and then draws about thirty-five per cent profit upon his bogus millions it is quite time to make some change in the system.

A telegraph department in connection with our Government would be more easily managed than that of the Post Office. Employees would receive fair remuneration and the public a lower rate.

COMMERCIAL DEPRESSION.

An era of commercial depression seems to be in store for Canada once more, and unless the crops of the present season are unexpectedly large we are afraid that the present stagnation will be more severe than that of 1873 and the five following years. When a short time ago the settlers of Manitoba and the North West grumbled because they were being sacrificed for the benefit of the Eastern manufacturers, no attention was paid to them. The Government feeling confident of the support of the manufacturing districts, treated us with indifference. Lately, however, a change has come over the spirit of their dreams, and they begin to find their chickens coming home to roost. Already their supporters are using their persuasive powers to prove that the Government will in no way be responsible if a period of stagnation should have to be met by our business men, and this notwithstanding the fact that a few years ago they were shouting that if once their wonderful scheme of making people rich by legislation were adopted the balance of trade would "never more" be against us, that never more would the wheels of commerce be clogged by an over importation into this fair Canada of ours, that under the benign influence of the N. P. our workmen would have steady work and increased wages, there would be no more bankrupts and bankrupts' stocks, farmers would get higher prices for their grain, our peoples' money would not be sent out of the country to purchase foreign goods, even the hens would lay with greater regularity, crops would fail not and the yeoman would never again be required to lift up his voice in lamentation over the ravages of the potato bug, the rust, the black rot and other unwell come visitations that were supposed to follow in the wake of and to be an evidence of the divine displeasure with "the rule of the free trade party." We fancy, however, that a Government which secured a lease of power on the express condition that they would prevent the recurrence of such disasters will have to shoulder the responsibility, and unless their future treatment of the North West is of a more liberal character than that of the past, we sincerely hope that they will be compelled to do so.

IRISH IMMIGRATION.

"The scheme proposed by David Luff and adopted by the Gladstone Government, for the promotion of a large emigration from Ireland appears to meet with favor in some quarters. It is stated that the Government has made provision for conveying 200,000 persons from the over-crowded districts of Ireland to the Canadian North West, where they will be set up on farms. It is not proposed to send them into the country and the very moment they set foot in the promised land leave them penniless to shift for themselves. They will be put on farms upon which buildings have already been erected, and will be furnished with the necessary implements, sufficient seed to make a start, etc. They will be required, of course, to make a small return for these privileges, but the consideration will be so small that it will not press unduly upon the beginners. If properly carried out the emigrants have with them the qualities necessary to make successful settlers, the proposed scheme will no doubt result advantageously to themselves and to the country."

The above article is from one of our eastern contemporaries, and like a large number of North West questions may look very well to those not conversant with our affairs but to us it looks like

the proposed scheme of a number of the largest property owners in the country, including the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the Hudson Bay Company and the Canadian Government for the purpose of inducing immigration to this country. The interested capitalists will have ample security for their investment under the Act of 1882. With proper care in the selection of the immigrants this plan will do much to fill up the country with a farming population, but it is to be hoped that it is not the intention of the Home Government to flood this country with the surplus pauper population of Ireland.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

It is with pleasure that we are able to announce that Mr. D. MacArthur, of the Manitoba and Northwestern Railway, will be in town in a few days. The object of Mr. MacArthur's visit will, we understand, be to confer with residents of the district as to the most advantageous location for the railway. Not the least of the many inconveniences under which we labor on account of our delay in seeking incorporation is the impossibility of making desired, and in such cases as this, necessary improvements. We are most exactly situated in the only really advantageous place at which any railway striking the locality can cross the north branch of the Saskatchewan and yet we are most critically placed in such a position that we, as a people, can only give verbal promises of support to any project which our citizens may be desirous of assisting. This is the more to be regretted at a time when we have a most favorable prospect of securing connection with the C. P. R. and also of securing a nearly through line by means of the M. and N. W. No assistance that can be offered a railway will prove as good an inducement as a cash bonus, and this is what we will find the greatest difficulty in offering, although we have suffered so severely in the past for the want of the railway. As our petition for incorporation is now before the Council, we may be in a position to take action long before any agreement could be definitely arranged.

NORTH WEST COUNCIL.

In another column will be found the speech of the Lieutenant Governor, in opening the fifth session of the North West Council. It is quite impossible to enter very fully as yet into the clauses of the speech, as many of them contain no more than a mere reference to the subjects to which they refer. Another mail will however bring information of a later and more interesting kind.

It is a matter for congratulation that so many representative members have been added to the Council. These, with the addition of members from the districts which have already applied for representation, will give the Council a largely representative character.

Winnipeg and Western



TRANSPORTATION CO

THE STEAMERS
MARQUIS, Capt. A. R. Russell.
NORTHWEST, " James Sheets.

Will form a WEEKLY LINE between Prince Albert and Grand Rapids, making close connection with the Steamer Princess for Winnipeg.

THE STEAMERS
NORTHCOTE, Capt. Jerry Webber
MANITOBA, " J. W. Lauderdale.

Will form a WEEKLY LINE between Prince Albert and Edmonton making connection with the Marquis and North West.

THE STEAMER
LILY, - - Capt. J. S. Seyers,
Will run between Prince Albert and Mollie Hat, during the season of Navigation commencing with the C. P. R. for Winnipeg. Passage and freight at reasonable rates.

JOHN B. DAVIS, Supt.
H. SWINFIELD, Secy.
No. 75 Adelaide Building, Winnipeg.

GRAND UNION

Livery & Sale Stables,
4 North Street, Prince Albert.

Horses and Buggies always on hand.

Orders for double teams promptly attended to. Charges moderate.

The only first class Livery in the Town.

A bus will await the arrival of all regular trains to convey passengers to any part of the town.

S. J. DONALDSON, Prop.

Prince Albert,

General Merchants.

STEWART & WOOLTON,

Wholesale and Retail.

Saskatchewan.

THE BAD BOY.

He Gets in Speculating on Scriptural Subjects and Evokes Some Strange Theories.

"What are you sitting there half an hour for, staring at vacancy?" said the grocery man to the bad boy, as he sat on a stool by the stove one of these foggy mornings, when everybody feels like quarrelling, with his fingers clasped around his knee, looking as though he did not know enough to last him to bed.

"What you thinking about any way?" "I was wondering where you would have been to day if Noah had run his ark into such a fog as this, and there had been no fog horn on Mount Ararat, and he had passed by with his excursion and not made a landing, and had floated around on the freshet until all the aid made stravel, and the ark had struck a snag and burst a hole in her bottom. I tell you, we can all congratulate ourselves that Noah happened to blunder on to that high ground. If that ark had been lost, either by being foundered, or being blown up by Fenians, because Noah was an Englishman, it would have been cold as trying to populate this world. In that case another Adam and Eve would have to be made out of dirt and water, and they might have gone wrong again, and failed to raise a family, and where would we have been? I tell you, when I think of the narrow escapes we have had, it is a wonder to me that we have got along as well as we have."

"Well, when did you get out of the asylum?" said the grocery man, who had been staring back with open mouth, looking at the boy as though he was crazy. "What you want is to have your head soaked. You are getting so you reach out too far with that small mind of yours. In about another year you will want to run this world yourself. I don't think you are reforming very much. It is wicked for a boy of your size to argue about such things. You talk better send you to college."

"What do I want to go to college for, and be a homeless hater, and poor base-ball player. I can be had enough at home. The more I read, the more I think. I don't believe I can ever be good enough to go to heaven anyway, and I guess I will go into the newspaper business, where they don't have to be good, and where they have a paper every where. Do you know, I think when I was built they left out a cog wheel or something in my head. I can't think like some boys. I get to thinking about Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden, and of the duke with the cloven hoof that flirted with Eve, and treated her and Adam to the dried apples, and I can't think of them as some boys do, with a fig leaf polkaiste, and fig leaf vests. I imagine them dressed up in the latest style. I know it is wrong, but that is what a poor boy has to suffer who has an imagination, and where did I get the imagination? This confounded imagination of mine shows me Adam with a plug hat on, just as our minister wears, and a stand-up collar, and tight pants, and peaked top shoes, and Eve is pictured to me with a crushed angle worm coloured dress, and brown striped stockings, and newspapers in her dress to make it set out, and a hat with dangle lions on, and a red parasol, and a lace handkerchief, which she puts to her lips and winks with her left eye to the man or who is standing by the corner of the house in an attitude, while the tail with the dart on the end is wound around the rain water barrel, so Eve won't see it and get scared. Say, don't you think it is better for a boy to think of our first parents with clothes on, than to think of them almost naked, exposed to the inclemency of the weather, with nothing but fig leaves pinned on? I want to do right as far as I can, but I had rather think of clean dressed like our folks are to-day, than to think of them in a eye hole with leaves for wearing apparel. Say, it is wrong to fight, but don't you think if Adam had put on a pair of boxing gloves, when he found the devil was getting too fresh about the place, and knocked him out to couple of rounds, and passed him in the now, and fired him out of the summer garden, that it would have been a big thing for this world. Now, honest?"

"Look a here," said the grocery man, who had been looking at the boy indignantly. "You better go right home, and let your ma fix up some warm drink for you, and put you to bed. You are all wrong in the head, and if you are not attended to will have brain fever. I tell you, boy, you are in danger. Come, I will go home with you."

"Oh, dangernothin." I am just telling how things look to a boy who has not got the facilities for being too good in his youth. Some boys can take things as they read them, and not think any for themselves, but I am a thinker from Thinkerville, and my imagination plays the dickens with me. There is nothing I read about old times but what I compare it with the same line of business at the present day. Now, when I think of the fishermen of Galilee, drawing their seines, I wonder what they would have done if there had been a law against hauling seines, as there is in Wisconsin today, and I can see a constable with a warrant for the arrest of the Galilee fishermen, snatching the old apostles and taking them to the police station in a patrol wagon. I know it is wrong to think like that, but how can I help it. Say, suppose those fishermen had been out hauling their seines, and our minister should come along with his good clothes on, his jointed rod, his nickel plated reel, and his silk fish line, and his patent fish hook, and put a frog on the hook, and cast his line near the Galilee fishermen and go to trolling for bass? What do you suppose the lone fishermen of the Bible times would have thought about the gall of the jointed rod fishermen? Do you suppose they would have thrown stones on the water where he was trolling, or would they have told him there was good trolling around a point about half a mile up the shore, where they knew he wouldn't get a bite in a week, the way a fellow at Muskegon lake lied to our minister a spell ago? I tell you, boss, it is a sad thing for a boy to have imagination, and the boy put his other knee in the sling made by the clenched fingers of both hands, and waited for the grocery man to argue with him.

"I wish you would go away from here. I am afraid of you," said the grocery man. "I would give anything if your pa or the minister would come in and have a talk with you. Your mind is wandering," and the grocery man went to the door and looked up and down street to see if somebody wouldn't come in and watch the crazy boy, while he went to breakfast.

"O, pa, and the minister can't make a first payment on me. Pa gets mad when I ask questions, and the minister thinks I am past redemption. Pa said yesterday that badness was caused in every case by men's wearing plug hats, and when I asked him where the good Elijah whom the boy called 'go up, old bald head, and the bears had a free lunch on them, got his plug hat, pa said school was dismissed and I could go. When the minister was telling me about the good Elijah going up through the clouds in a chariot of fire, and I asked the minister what he thought Elijah would have thought if he had met our Sunday school superintendent coming down through the clouds on a bicycle, he put his hand on my head, and said my life was all wrong. Now, I will leave it to you if there was anything wrong about that. Say, do you know what I think is the most beautiful thing in the Bible?"

"No, I don't," said the grocery man, "and if you want to tell it I will listen just five minutes, and then I am going to shut up the store and go to breakfast. You make me tired."

"Well, I think the finest thing is that story about the prodigal son, where the boy took all the money he could scrape up and went out west to paint the towns red. He spent his money in riotous living, and saw everything that was going on, and got full of benne, and struck all the gangs of toughs, both male and female, and his stomach went to k on him, and he had malaria, and finally he got to be a cow-boy, herding hogs, and he had to eat hogs that the hogs didn't want, and got pretty low down. Then he thought it was a pretty good scheme to be getting around home, where they had three meals a day, and spring mattresses, and he started home, beating his way on the train, and he didn't know whether the old man would receive him with open arms or pointed boots, but the old man came down to the depot to meet him, and right there before the passengers, and the conductor and brakemen, he wasn't ashamed of his boy, though he was ragged, and looked as though he had been on the war path, and the old man fell on his neck and wept, and took him home in a hack and had a real pot pie for dinner. That's what I call sense. A good many men nowadays would have put the police on the tramp and had him ordered out of town. What you going to close up the store? Well, I will see you later. I want to talk with you about something that is weighing on my mind," and the boy got out just in time

to save his coat tail from being caught in the door, and when the grocery man came back from breakfast he found a sign in front. "This store is closed till further notice.—Sincerely."

PUMPS!

First Proof Pump Manufactory.
Write, sink and Pump set. General Jobbing done.

Acorn & Cross,
for McKay and Victoria Streets,
PRINCE ALBERT N.W.T.

JUST RECEIVED

First Foot from Winnipeg:

Plaster Paris,
Building Paper,
Plasterers' Trowels,
Masons' Trowels,
Cans,
Canister Powder,
Mining Machines,

AND A FULL LINE OF

Hardware.

Prices the lowest in town.

Ten per cent. off for Cash

AT

T. J. ACNEW'S

Wholesale and Retail.

Real Estate

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF
CHOICE BUILDING LOTS

CENTRALLY SITUATED IN
PRINCE ALBERT
And suitable for business purposes or private residences.
For further particulars apply by letter or otherwise to the undersigned.

C. MAIR,
P. O. DRAWER R.,
Prince Albert, N.W.T.

G. D. NORTHGRAVES,

Watchmaker and Jeweller,

(At T. N. Campbell's New Store)

A LARGE STOCK OF

Watches,

Clocks and

Jewellery

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Repairing Promptly Attended to



Joseph Rogers & Sons' Cutlery. Best Quadruple Electroplated Ware. Reliable goods. Everything warranted as represented. Special attention to re-plating. Work done on shortest notice and warranted satisfaction.

R. B. WAY,

Post Office, Prince Albert, N.W.T.

THE CABLE HOUSE,

THE BEST

BEER AND CIGARS

Of the Finest Brands always on hand.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

JOHN WYMERSKIRCH, - PROP.

ESTABLISHED - 1860.



HEINTZMAN AND COMPANY,

Piano Manufacturers,
117 KING - ST. WEST,

NEXT ROSSIN HOUSE,

TORONTO, - - ONT.

Pianos to Suit the Climate of
the North West.

ALL MADE OF THE BEST MATERIAL
AND FINISHED IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

1ST PRIZE WHEREVER EXHIBITED.

NEW PATENT BRIDGES.

None but First-class Workmen Employed in their Manufacture

APPLY AT

"The Times" Office,

PRINCE ALBERT - - - N. W. T.

THE NORTH WEST COUNCIL.

Speech Delivered by the Lieutenant-Governor.

REGINA, Aug. 22.—The North West Council opened to-day at two o'clock, in the new Council Chamber, and the new members of the Council were sworn in. A guard of honor, under Col. Herchmer, were in attendance on the Lieutenant-Governor. A large number of ladies were in attendance. Considerable interest was manifested in the opening of the first Council here. His Honor, who wore the Windsor uniform, delivered the following:

MESSAGE FROM THE TERRITORY.

In meeting you at this fifth session of the Council of the North West Territories, I take the opportunity of congratulating you on the prosperity and rapid growth of the vast territories whose affairs you are called upon to assist me in administering. The first meeting of the North West Council sat at Swan River, the temporary seat of Government in 1877, pending the erection of Government buildings at Battleford. These were completed in the fall of 1877, and the seat of Government was established at that point. The North West Council sat at that place in 1878, 1879 and 1881. The rapid construction of the Pacific Railway and the consequent large settlement of the country, both north and south of the line, convinced the Dominion Government that a change was again necessary, and a new central point for the transaction of the public business of the Territories was selected. Regina was considered the most favorable point, and I think every day makes it clear that the location is a wise one, situated as it is in the heart of one of the most fertile regions of the Territories and easily accessible from any quarter. The class of farmers settled on the land adjacent to Regina, upon which no less than 172,400 acres have been entered for homesteads, shows that the advantage claimed for it in an agricultural point of view was not exaggerated, and the reports that continually reach me of the returns expected from land only partially worked indicate what might be expected when the country is brought into a good state of cultivation. Up to 1881 only one representative or elected member sat in the Council meetings, and if anything was wanted to demonstrate the progress which has been made during the last couple of years, the composition of the present Council would do so, for, while in 1881 only one elected member sat at the Council, we have now six, coming from Lorne, Regina, Edmonton, Broadview, Qu'Appelle and Moosejaw. The bulk of the electoral districts have been established along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, which naturally affords greater inducement to settlement, but I am glad to say we have two members from the old and flourishing districts of Prince Albert and Edmonton, with a probability of an increase before very long. I am also in receipt of applications from districts south of the railway line, and if I could have delayed the meeting of the Council for a few months more other representative members might have been added to our present number. After my appointment to the position of Lieutenant-Governor I was advised that there was an uncertainty as to the powers conferred on the North West Council of 1877, and I considered it unwise to go to the expense of summoning the Council until we were placed in a position which relieve us from that uncertainty. I also felt that a few months' delay would give me the assistance of representative men from different parts of the Territories, which could not fail to be acceptable to the country as well as gratifying to myself. I think events have demonstrated that I was not wrong in this anticipation.

I have but lately received a copy of the order in council empowering the Lieutenant-Governor by and with the consent of the Legislative Assembly to make ordinances for the several subjects upon which it is thought most important for us to legislate. This will be laid on the table for your information.

It is proposed to amend the following ordinances:

- No. 4, of 1880, respecting the administration of Civil Justice;
- No. 12, of 1878, respecting the marking of stock.
- No. 6, of 1879, respecting licenses.
- No. 8, of 1879, ordinance exempting certain property from seizure and sale under execution.
- No. 6, of 1881, an ordinance respecting trespassing and stray animals.
- No. 11, 1881, an ordinance for the protection of sheep.

A number of new ordinances will be presented to you for your consideration: One in regard to municipal institutions; one respecting minors and apprentices; an ordinance giving power to appoint commissioners for taking affidavits; an ordinance respecting partnership; an ordinance respecting desertion of the Sabbath; an ordinance respecting protection of game, and others that I have no doubt during the sitting of the Council it will be thought desirable to legislate upon.

I am quite sure we all regret that the time will soon arrive when we shall lose our popular Governor-General, the Marquis of Lorne, and his august consort Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise, and I will ask you to join me in an address to their Excellencies respecting our feeling of regret at their departure.

I will now ask your earnest consideration to the important duties which devolve upon you, and pray that God's blessing our deliberations may prove conducive to the advancement of these new and important territories and to the welfare of the inhabitants.

The Council then adjourned till the next day.

At the Fall River regatta on Aug. 21st, Hanlan was beaten through the swamping of his boat.

A terrible cyclone visited Minnesota on the 28th August. A large number of people were killed. Great damage was done to houses and buildings all along the track of the storm. The money loss is estimated between \$400,000 and \$500,000.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER ABSOLUTE PURE.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low tests, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N.Y.

SPECIAL NOTICE**The French Class!**

WILL BE OPENED

ON THE 15TH INST.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

For full particulars apply to the under signed at Mahaffey & Clerk's.

Private tuition at pupils' residence in French, Latin, Greek and Mathematics can also be arranged for.

LEON CHEVALIER.

Prince Albert, Sept. 4, 1883.

NOTICE.**The Winnipeg and Western Transportation Co.**

have purchased the Warehouse and Landing privileges from the Hudson's Bay Co., and hereafter there will be no charge made for putting freight on the Landing, or in bad weather in the Warehouse for 24 hours. Any freight left in the Warehouse over 24 hours will be subject to storage at the rate of \$5 per ton.

Mc K. B. BEATTY will have charge of the warehouse.

JOHN R. DAVIS, Supt.

Saskatchewan.

J. O. DAVIS & CO., GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Prince Albert,

J. L. JOHNSON & CO.

HAVE A FULL STOCK

**Powder,
Shot,
Guns,
Harvest Tools,
Building Hardware,
Plaster and
Plastering Hair.**

1879.

1883

BUFFALO HALL

Choice Selections in **DRESS GOODS** at **BUFFALO HALL.**
Infants' Elegant **ROBES & CLOAKS** at **BUFFALO HALL.**
Clapp & Bailey's celebrated **LACE REMNANTS** can be had only at **BUFFALO HALL.**
The largest and most reliable stock of **READY MADE CLOTHING** in Prince Albert at **BUFFALO HALL.**
The popular Double-stitched **OVERALLS** are made expressly for **BUFFALO HALL.**
Fresh arrivals per steamer Marquis for **BUFFALO HALL.**
Long Clear Bacon, Canadian Hams, Teas, Sugars, Salt, Coffee, Tobacco, Canned Goods, and a full line of Staple Crockery and Patent Medicines.
The Leading House of Prince Albert is **BUFFALO HALL.**

BETTS & GWYNNE.**CITY AUCTION MART.****MARKLEY & ORR,**

Real Estate and General Agents—Sole Agents in this district for the

The Celebrated New York Singer Sewing Machines!

**Canada Life Assurance
COMPANY**

ESTABLISHED 1844.

HEAD OFFICE:

114 MILTON, ONT.

Capital & Funds, nearly \$6,000,000

Annual Income, over \$1,000,000.

A general agent of the Company will visit this town a few weeks hence, and will assist me in offering the great advantages to be derived from insuring in this old and reliable Company.

A. SPROAT,

AGENT,
Prince Albert District, N.W.T.

**FARMERS
ATTENTION!**

A. Harris, Son & Co. have delivered to the undersigned the largest invoice of farming implements ever sent into the Saskatchewan District. Consisting of

**Brantford Reapers,
Brantford Mowers and Rakes,
Snowball & Speight Waggon,
Stubble and Cross Plow,
A Large Stock of Repairs,**

TOGETHER WITH

20 Brantford Cord Binders,
Which are now lying at the Forks of the River, and will be guaranteed to be in Prince Albert in good time for harvest.

A competent person is now in attendance to sort up and instruct parties how to operate all machinery.

S. W. VANLUVEN.**At Cost****SELLING**

OFF

FOR CASH.**A. L. ASHDOWN.**

THE FIRST INSTALLMENT OF A

large stock of

Mowers and Rakes

From the celebrated Watson Manufacturing Co., of Ayr, Ont., and

Buford Breakers

Have arrived at the Implement Department of Jackson & Jackson, and to arrive shortly

The Lion Reaper,**Honey Fanning Mills,****Watson Harrows and****Buford Cross Ploughs**

All these goods are guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Parties wishing to secure American implements on reasonable terms will do well to call early and leave their orders.

JACKSON & JACKSON